

NSW Pollution Incident Response Management Plan



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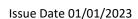


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Purpose and Scope

Why is this important?

The NSW Pollution Incident Response Management Manual (the PIRM Manual) has been prepared by Veolia Australia and New Zealand (Veolia) to disseminate how Veolia deploys pollution incidents response and communicates with workers and other stakeholders (including relevant authorities and the public) who may be affected by the impacts of a pollution incident at a Veolia premises. This document also provides guidance on the information required to be published by Veolia in compliance with issued Environment Protection Licenses.

The PIRMP provides an overarching framework for NSW sites to augment their site-specific incident/emergency documentation. Furthermore, the *Protection of the Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2011* (POELA Act), requires holders of an Environment Protection Licence (EPLs) to prepare and implement a Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP).

Under Part5.7A of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* (POEO Act) and the *Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009* (POEO General Regulation), the specific requirements for preparing, keeping, testing, and implementing a PIRMP, for Veolia NSW facilities with EPL's are covered by site specific incident and emergency response documentation, including a PIRMP. These provide guidance for minimising and controlling the risk of a pollution incident, through the appropriate identification of hazards and development of controls to mitigate these and assign responsibility for its suitable implementation.

Who does it apply to?

The requirements of this Manual apply to all Veolia entities across NSW throughout the Water, Waste and Energy lines of business.

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Governance, Roles, and Responsibilities

Veolia has set out the roles and responsibilities to ensure the approach to this document and its implementation are fulfilled. The following specific roles and responsibilities for communicating pollution incidents have been identified (refer Table 2).

Table 1 Reporting Responsibilities

| Role | Responsibility |
|---|--|
| Veolia | Veolia ANZ Corporate outlines the policies and procedures which are to be adhered to, in addition to legislative requirements, when reporting pollution incidents and/or implementing PIRMP requirements |
| Executive Team Member | An Executive Team Member has the responsibility of ensuring the identification and mitigation of risks specific to their business units are being undertaken and appropriately documented |
| MarComms Team | The MarComms Department is responsible for maintaining the Veolia website and uploading pollution incident notifications to the website on request |
| Management People, Safety and , Environmental | Manager/PS&E have the authority to authorise the dissemination of information to stakeholders, following approval of an Executive Team Member, via the means of telephone calls, electronic mails, PS&E alerts, upload of communications messages to the Veolia company website or other suitable platforms. |
| | Where notified of a pollution incident, it is the duty of Management/PS&Eto notify each relevant authority of the incident and all relevant information known at the time of the incident. |
| Line Manager/Supervisor | It is the responsibility of the Line Manager/Supervisor to determine the requirement and extent of community notification for potential pollution incidents. Where incident notifications are to be placed on the website, approval must be sought from Management. |

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Worker It is the responsibility of all workers (including subcontractors), immediately after the person becomes aware of the pollution incident, to notify their Line Manager/Supervisor of the incident and all relevant information about it.

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Notification Protocol

What is a pollution incident and when is notification required

Pollution incidents are required to be reported 'immediately' to relevant authorities, meaning promptly and without delay. The requirement to report pollution incidents immediately allows response agencies to know as soon as a pollution incident is identified, so it can be dealt with quickly.

A pollution incident means an incident or set of circumstances during or as a consequence of which there is or is likely to be a leak, spill or other escape or deposit of a substance, as a result of which pollution has occurred, is occurring or is likely to occur. It includes an incident or set of circumstances in which a substance has been placed of disposed of on a premises, but it does not include an incident or set of circumstances involving only the emissions of any noise.

A pollution incident is required to be notified if there is a risk of material harm to the environment.

Under section 147 of the POEO Act, 'material harm to the environment' is defined as

- (a) harm to the environment is material if:
 - (i) it involves actual or potential harm to the health or safety of human beings or to ecosystems that is not trivial, or
 - (ii) it results in actual or potential loss or property damage of an amount, or amounts in aggregate, exceeding \$10,000 (or such other amount as is prescribed by the regulations), and
- (b) loss includes the reasonable costs and expenses that would be incurred in taking all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent, mitigate or make good harm to the environment.

Who is to be notified

The relevant authorities under section 148 of the POEO Act means any of the following:

- (a) the EPA
- (b) the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) (if not the appropriate regulatory authority),
- (c) the local authority for the area in which the pollution incident occurs (f the EPA is the appropriate regulatory authority in [a]),
- (d) the Ministry of Health (via the appropriate Local health District public health unit, refer **Appendix A**),
- (e) SafeWork NSW
- (f) the relevant local council

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Figure 1 describes the protocol for industry notification of pollution incidents, with the contact details of the relevant authorities. Other relevant authorities may include, but are not limited to, the NSW Department of Planning and Environment, Roads and Maritime Services, Water NSW etc, as well as clients, neighbours and/or land owners of the premises on which Veolia operates.

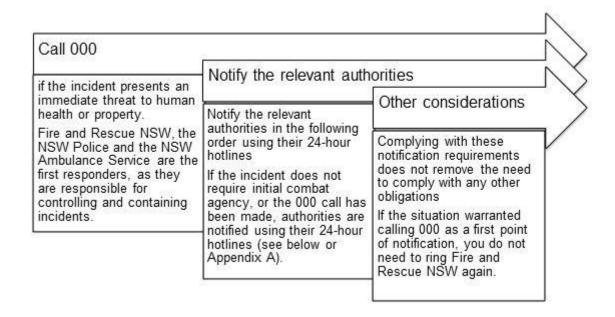


Figure 1 Pollution Incident Notification Protocol

- Emergency Services 000
- NSW EPA 131 555
- Ministry of Public health Unit
- SafeWork NSW 131 050
- Local Council

*The appropriate contacts for the Ministry of Health via the relevant Public Health Unit and relevant local authorities for Veolia NSW sites are provided in Appendix A, as well as the PIRMP documentation prepared for each premises.

Communication mechanisms will be used where neighbours and/or the local community may be affected by the incident, including but not limited to:

- o website
- o telephone notification and/or emails
- o signage
- o letterbox drops

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door knocking

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What is to be notified

Notification of pollution incidents to authorities require verbal notification, and where requested to do so, followed by written notification under section 148 and 150 of the POEO Act. The relevant information to be provided should consist of the following:

- a) the cause, time and duration of the event;
- b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;
- c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event;
- d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;
- e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;
- f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and
- g) any other relevant matters.

Pollution Incident Response Process

Compliance Provisions

The specific requirements of a PIRMP are set out in legislative instruments (refer Section: Reference and Related Documents) with provisions as detailed in Table 2.

Table 2 PIRMP Requirements

| Provision | Requirement | How Veolia Complies |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| POEO Act (section 153A) | All holders of environment protection licences must prepare a pollution incident response management plan | All Veolia NSW sites that have an EPL, have a PIRMP accompanying their Incident and Emergency Response documentation. |

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| POEO Act (section 153C) POEO General Regulation (clause 98B) | The plan must include the information detailed in the ACT and be in the form required by the Regulation | As per the information provided in Table 3, each licensed site's incident and emergency documentation stipulates how this requirement is met. |
|--|--|--|
| POEO Act (section 153D) | Licensees must keep the plan at the premises to which the environment protection licence relates or, in the case of trackable waste transporters and mobile plant, where the relevant activity takes place | Noted, the relevant incident and emergency response documentation per site or activity are kept at the Premises or with the Veolia personnel performing the pertaining work. |
| POEO General Regulation (clause 98E) | Licensees must test the plan in accordance with the Regulation | Annual emergency drills are undertaken at Veolia sites and the PIRMP is tested for currency and adequacy. |
| POEO Act (section 153F) | If a pollution incident occurs in the course of an activity so that material harm to the environment | This PIRMP and supporting site specific Incident and Emergency documentation |
| | | |
| | is caused or threatened, licensees must immediately implement the plan | provide Veolia personnel with the relevant guidance with which to implement the PIRMP. |
| | | |

Each site or activity specific Incident and Emergency Response documentation provides the framework for how the requirements of a PIRMP have been addressed, as per the structure presented in Table 3. A typical process for how Veolia NSW implements the PIRMP is shown in Figure 2.

Table 3 PIRMP Structure

| Provision | Pollution Incident Response Management Plan Reference | |
|-----------|---|--|
| | | |

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| NSW Pollution Incident Response | Wanagement Plan Issue Date 01/01/202 |
|---|--|
| Description and likelihood of hazards | Each Veolia NSW facility has a site-specific risk register and Operational/Site Management Plan, which combined contain: |
| [clause 98C (1)(a) and (b)] | Identified significant environmental aspects and impacts Potential hazard and impacts Inherent (before taking existing controls into account) risk level for each impact Hierarchy of controls to be implemented Residual (after taking existing controls into account) risk level for each impact Where high or extreme residual risks have been identified on site, these have been assigned appropriate controls as detailed in the register and/or operational/site management plan or a facility specific Environmental Management Plan. Should any other such risk be identified they will be escalated to the attention of the site (and Veolia senior management) and dealt with in accordance with the Veolia ANZ Risk Management Standard. |
| Pre-emptive actions to be taken [clause 98C(1)(c)] | Pre-emptive actions are detailed in site specific risk registers and are referred to as Controls, with appropriate supporting procedures referenced in site specific Operational/Site Management Plans. |
| Inventory of pollutants [clause 98C(1)(d) and (e)] | A full list of the bulk chemicals, their storage quantities and locations are detailed in site specific Hazardous Substances and Dangerous Goods registers |
| | |
| Safety equipment Section 72(f) of the general regulation | Veolia NSW sites are equipped with safety devices such as safety showers, chemical decontamination kits, breathing equipment where applicable, first aid stations, spill kits, etc. Where additional PPE is required (eg. chemical suits) the requirements are spelled out in the relevant task-specific work instructions. Safety Data Sheets are located as appropriate on sites in close proximity to the chemical they apply to, or in the SDS folder. |

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|--|
| The names, position titles and 24-hour contact details of key individuals who are responsible for activating the Incident and Emergency Response documentation and managing the responses are detailed within such plans/procedures. The contact details of relevant authorities such as the EPA, the local council, fire and emergency services, as well as other relevant regulatory authorities are also contained in the documentation. |
| The mechanisms that will be used for providing early warnings and regular updates to the owners and occupiers of premises who may be affected by a pollution incident occurring on a Veolia site are detailed in this plan. |
| To minimise the risk of harm to any persons who may be on the premises should an incident occur a number of incident response procedures have been developed. The response procedures detailed in the site-specific Incident and Emergency documentation, and include (but not limited to) potential emergencies and incidents such as: Fire Hot Loads (Fire during transit) Explosions Chemical or Pollutant Spills Medical Emergencies Rescue Situations Bomb/Phone Threats |
| |

| Maps | A set of maps and diagrams have been prepared for Veolia NSW sites and are appended to the specific Incident and Emergency Response |
|---|--|
| Section 72(k) of the general regulation | documentation. |
| | The following typical details are included: |
| | The location of the premises and the surrounding area that is likely to be affected by a pollution incident; The location of potential pollutants on the premises |
| | The location of potential pollutants on the premises |

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| Actions to be taken during or immediately after a pollution incident Section 72(I) of the general regulation and section 153C of the POEO Act | The site-specific Incident and Emergency Response documentation include detailed descriptions of the actions that will be taken immediately after a pollution incident to reduce or control any pollution. In addition, detailed chemical and hazardous material management procedures have been developed. The procedures include spill/emissions response and clean up/remediation instructions. Further information regarding the site's readiness for incidents and emergencies can be found in the site-specific Incident and Emergency Response documentation , including the notification requirements, in addition to this plan. |
|--|--|
| Staff training | All relevant workers are trained in Incident and Emergency management. |
| Section 72(m) of the general regulation | The training consists of two major components: Theoretical module – ERP training Practical component – participation in both desktop and incident and emergency scenario simulation drills. Training records are to be maintained onsite training databases and/or in the staff personnel folders. |
| Testing and updating the PIRMP | The PIRMP must include: |
| Section 72(n, 72(o) and 72(p) of the general regulation | dates when the PIRMP was tested and the name of the person(s) who carried out the test dates when the PIRMP was updated a description of how, when and by whom the PIRMP is to be tested and maintained over the next testing period |

PIRMPs must be tested routinely at least once every 12 months and within one month of any pollution incident occurring that caused or threatened material harm to the environment

If significant changes are made to plant and equipment at the premises or the operation of the premises, it is recommended the PIRMP be reviewed to ensure it remains relevant. This may include when the site increases

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its production capacity, when significant new plant and equipment is installed or upgraded and when the layout of the plant is changed

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NSW Pollution Incident Response Management Plan Issue Date 01/01/2023 If it is safe to do so, stop the process causing the environmental incident. STOP Remove personnel from the immediate area and take measures such as barricading the area to reduce the risk of exposure to others. This must occur without exposure to danger. ASSESŠ RISK/ **ISOLATE** Notify the Facility Manager/Supervisor immediately . For reportable incidents, these must be escalated to SHEQ as per this Manual. · Early notification to relevant authorities, neighbours and other stakeholders. NOTIFY Provide a 1st aid response (if required) Appropriate PPE to be worn as outlined in relevant SDS and incident/emergency plans Identify the type of material (and volume) released, without being at risk. Determine level of emergency and respond as per incident/emergency plans, in CONTROL/ conjunction with fire & emergency services if present CONTAIN Determine if evacuation is required and consider impacts at emergency assembly points Where safe to do so, and where released by fire & emergency services, initiate clean up. CLEAN UP Review corrective actions and report in Rivo (internal) and to relevant external parties as required. REVIEW/ REPORT

Figure 2 Typical Veolia Incident Response Process

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Publishing of Monitoring Results

Under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO Act), holders of environment protection licences (licensees) must publish or make pollution monitoring data available to members of the public.

- Pollution monitoring data that is required to be collected by a licence condition must be published by
 the licensee in accordance with section 66(6) of the POEO Act and with the written requirements
 issued by the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) licensees who undertake monitoring as a result
 of a licence condition must publish or make available pollution monitoring data within 14 days of
 obtaining the data and/or receiving a specific request for a copy of the data
- licensees who maintain a website must make the monitoring data related to pollution available in a prominent position on their website
- licensees who do not maintain a website must provide a free of charge copy of the pollution monitoring data on reasonable written request from any person
- the data must be published in accordance with requirements issued in writing by the EPA and this document constitutes those requirements.

For the purposes of these requirements, the timeframe for publishing or providing data is 14 working days.

The following diagram provides an overview of this process as per the *Requirements for publishing pollution monitoring data* (EPA, 2013).

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NSW Pollution Incident Response Management Plan Issue Date 01/01/2023 Does the licensee have an applicable website (section 3.1.1)? Publish monthly meaningful summary of pollution monitoring data on website, or required frequency where monitoring occurs less frequently than monthly (sections 3.2.1, 3.2.2 and 3.8.1). Has the licensee also Has the license received a written No further action received a written request for pollution request for pollution monitoring data? required monitoring data? Has all the obtained Inform the requester pollution monitoring data that all obtained already been published in pollution monitoring addition to the monthly data is already on the summaries? website Licensees must provide the obtained data that the requester has asked for this may include all obtained pollution monitoring data or a subset of this data (section 3.2.2).

Figure 3 Overview of EPA Publishing Requirements

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Other Regulatory Considerations

- The EPA has the power to place a condition on a licence requiring a mandatory environmental audit.
- The EPA and the Ministry of Health have explicit powers to require the occupier of a premises and any
 person they reasonably suspect of causing a pollution incident to pay for an analysis of the human
 health and environmental risks arising from the incident.
- The EPA has the power to direct the occupier of premises where a pollution incident that causes or threatens material harm to the environment has occurred to notify all others of the incident as the EPA thinks necessary.
- The information included on the public registers of Appropriate Regulatory Authorities (such as the EPA and local councils) have been expand to include details of:
 - o any mandatory audit required to be undertaken in relation to a licence (EPA only) o each pollution study required by a condition of a licence (EPA only)
 - o each pollution reduction program required by a condition of a licence (EPA only)
 - o each penalty notice issued (EPA and other Appropriate Regulatory Authorities)
- Dangerous goods transporters (including those goods designated as wastes) are required to prepare a transport emergency response plan (TERP). These plans may only require minor changes and a reference in the PIRMP to satisfy the above requirements.
- The PIRMP does not replace legislative requirements or relevant chemical control orders.
- Where plans or documentation required by other legislation satisfy the requirements of the PIRMP, then these may be referenced rather than duplicated.
- Under Section 3.4.2 of the Environmental Guidelines: Preparation of Pollution Incident Response
 Management Plans (communication with the community), where community notification is required
 following a pollution incident involving trackable waste, this will usually be led by the incident
 controller from emergency services (NSW Police Force or Fire & Rescue NSW).

Terms and Definitions

Generic Veolia terms and definitions are available in the BMS Dictionary

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Reference and Related Documents

Related Documents

| Document Code/ Reference | Document Name |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Site specific Emergency plans & PIRMP |

Referenced Documents

| Document Name |
|---|
| Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (NSW) |
| Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009 |
| Protection of the Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2011 (NSW) |
| Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Amendment (Pollution Incident Response Management Plans) Regulation 2012 (NSW) |
| Environmental guidelines: Preparation of pollution incident response management plans (EPA, 2012) |
| Requirements for publishing pollution monitoring data (EPA, 2013) |

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Appendix A1

Public Health Unit Listing

(source: http://www.health.nsw.gov.au/Infectious/Documents/phu-referral-list.pdf)

| Public Health Unit | Contact Details |
|-------------------------------|--|
| E.g. Veolia | PO Box 374, Camperdown 2050 |
| Camperdown Public Health Unit | Phone: (02) 9515 9420 |
| (Sydney LHD) | Fax: (02) 9515 9440 |
| | After hours |
| | Phone: (02) 9515 6111 |
| | (Royal Prince Alfred Hospital) |
| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call |
| | |
| Gosford Public Health Unit | PO Box 361, Gosford, 2250 |
| (Central Coast LHD)r | Phone: (02) 4320 9730 |
| | Fax: (02) 4320 9746 (secure line) |
| | After hours |
| | Phone: (02) 4320 2111 |
| | (Gosford Hospital) |
| | - ask for Public Health Nurse on call |
| | |
| Hornsby Public Health Unit | Hornsby Hospital, Palmerston Rd, Hornsby, 2077 |
| (Northern Sydney LHD) | Phone: (02) 9477 9400 |
| | Fax: (02) 9482 1650 / 94821358 (secure line) |
| | After hours |
| | Phone: (02) 9477 9123 |
| | (Hornsby Hospital) |
| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call |
| | |

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|--|---|----------------------|
| Liverpool Public Health Unit | P.O. Box 38, Liverpool BC NSW 1871 | |
| (South Western Sydney LHD) | Phone: (02) 8778 0855 | |
| | Fax: (02) 8778 0838 | |
| | After hours | |
| | Phone: (02) 9828 3000 | |
| | (Liverpool Hospital) | |
| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call | |
| | | |
| Matraville Public Health Unit (Justice Health) | PO Box 150, Matraville, 2036 | |
| , | Phone: (02) 9311 2707 | |
| | Fax: (02) 9700 3747 (secure line) | |
| | After hours | |
| | Mobile: 0408 273 465 | |
| Newcastle Public Health Unit | Locked Bag 10, Wallsend, 2287 | |
| (Hunter New England LHD) | Phone: (02) 4924 6477 | |
| | Fax: (02) 4924 6048 (secure line) | |
| | After hours | |
| | Phone: (02) 4924 6477 (John | |
| | Hunter Hospital) | |
| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call | |
| Parramatta Public Health Unit | Locked Bag 7118, Parramatta BC 2150 | |
| (Western Sydney LHD) | Phone: (02) 9840 3603 | |
| , , , | Fax: (02) 9840 3608 / 9840 3591 (secure line) | |
| | After hours | |
| | Phone: (02) 9845 5555 | |
| | (Westmead Hospital) | |
| | | |

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| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Penrith Public Health Unit | PO Box 63, Penrith 2751 | | |
| | | | |
| (Nepean Blue Mountains LHD) | Phone: (02) 4734 2022 | | |
| | Fax: (02) 4734 3300 / 4734 3444 (secure line) | | |
| | After hours | | |
| | Phone: (02) 4734 2000 | | |
| | (Westmead Hospital) | | |
| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call | | |
| | | | |
| Randwick Public Health Unit | Locked Bag 88, Randwick, 2031 | | |
| (South Eastern Sydney LHD) | Phone: (02) 9382 8333 | | |
| | Fax: (02) 9382 8334 / 9382 8314 (secure line) | | |
| | After hours | | |
| | Phone: (02) 9382 2222 | | |
| | (Prince of Wales Hospital) | | |
| | - ask for Public Health Nurse on call | | |
| | | | |
| Wollongong Public Health Unit | Locked Bag 9, Wollongong 2500 | | |
| (Illawarra Shoalhaven LHD) | Phone: (02) 4221 6700 | | |
| | Fax: (02) 4221 6759 (secure line) | | |
| | After hours | | |
| | Phone: (02) 4222 5000 | | |
| | (Wollongong Hospital) | | |
| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call | | |
| | | | |

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| Goulburn Public Health Unit | Locked Bag 11, Goulburn, 2580 | |
|---|---|--|
| | | |
| (Murrumbidgee and Southern NSW LHD) | Phone: (02) 4824 1837 | |
| | Fax: (02) 4824 1831 / 4822 5038 (secure line) | |
| | After hours | |
| | Phone: (02) 6080 8900 | |
| | (Albury Base Hospital) | |
| | - ask for Public Health Officer on call | |
| | | |
| Lismore Public Health Unit | PO Box 498, Lismore, 2480 | |
| (Mid North Coast and Northern | Phone: (02) 6620 7585 | |
| NSW LHD) | Fax: (02) 6622 2151 / 6620 2552 (secure line) | |
| | After hours | |
| | Phone: 0439 882 752 Infectious Disease or | |
| | Phone: 0428 882 805 Environmental Health | |
| | | |
| Port Macquarie Public Health | PO Box 126, Port Macquarie, 2444 | |
| Unit (Mid North Coast and Northern NSW LHD) | Phone: (02) 6588 2750 | |
| , | Fax: (02) 6588 2837 (secure line) | |
| | After hours | |
| | Phone: 0439 882 752 Infectious Disease or | |
| | Phone: 0428 882 805 Environmental Health | |
| | | |
| | | |

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| Tamworth Public Health Unit | Locked Mail Bag 9783, NEMSC 2348 | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| (Hunter New England LHD) | Phone: (02) 6764 8000 | | |
| | Fax: (02) 6766 3890 (secure line) | | |
| | After hours | | |
| | Phone: (02) 6764 8000 (Public Health Officer on call) | | |
| | | | |

| 4.1 NSW EPA | | | | 131 555 | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|--|
| 4.2 Ministry of public health unit | | | | | | |
| Camden Organics RRF | (South Western Sydney LHD) | | Business Hours: | (02) 9794 0855 | | |
| Chullora RRP Spring Farm RRP Wetherill Park RRF Wetherill Park SC | | | After Hours (ask for public health officer on call) | (02) 8738 3000 | | |
| | Newcastle SC Raymond Terrace RRC (Hunter New Englar LHD) | | Business Hours: | (02) 49 | (02) 4924 6477 | |
| | | | After Hours (ask for public health officer on call) | (02) 4924 6477 | | |
| (Central Coast | | Business hours | | (02) 4320 9730 | | |
| Central Coast SC | | | After Hours (ask for public health nurse on call) | (02) 4320 2111 | | |
| Eastern Creek RRP | Eastern Creek RRP (Western Sydney LH | | Business Hours: | | 340 3603 | |
| (Western Sydney Lin | | , | After Hours (ask for public health officer on call) | (02) 98 | 345 5555 | |
| 4.3 SafeWork NSW | | | | 131 05 | 0 | |
| 4.4 Local Council – | | | | | | |
| Camden Organic RRF Spring Farm RRP | | Camd | Camden Council | | 554 7777 | |
| Chullora RRP | | City of Canterbury Bankstown | | (02) 97 | 707 9000 | |

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|------------|--------|-------|
|------------|--------|-------|

| Central Coast SC | Central Coast Council | 1300 463 954 | |
|---|--|----------------|--|
| Eastern Creek RRP | Blacktown City Council | (02) 9839 6000 | |
| Newcastle SC | City of Newcastle | (02) 4974 2000 | |
| Raymond Terrace RRC | ymond Terrace RRC Port Stephens Council | | |
| Wetherill Park RRC/SC | therill Park RRC/SC Fairfield City Council | | |
| 4.5 NSW Fire and Rescue (if not previously contacted) | | 000 | |

Appendix A2

Local Authorities

| Public Health Unit | Contact Details |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Banksmeadow Transfer Terminal | City of Botany Bay |
| EPL - 20581 | 1300 581 299 |
| | |
| Cameron Park (Hunter) Depot | City of Lake Macquarie Council |
| EPL – 13212 | 4921 0333 |
| | |
| Clyde Transfer Terminal | Cumberland Council |
| EPL - 11763 | 8757 9000 |
| | |
| Camellia Recycling Centre | City of Parramatta Council |
| EPL - 4806 | 1300 617 058 |
| | |
| Crisps Creek IMF | Goulburn-Mulwaree Council |
| EPL - 11455 | 4823 4444 |
| | |

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Issue Date 01/01/2023

| Now Pollution incluent Response Management Plan | 155UE Date 01/01/202 |
|---|--|
| Earthpower Technologies Sydney | City of Parramatta Council |
| EPL - 11797 | 1300 617 058 |
| Greenacre Resource Recovery Facility | Bankstown City Council |
| EPL - 3070 | 9707 9000 |
| Gerringong Sewage Treatment Plant | Kiama Municipal Council |
| EPL - 11317 | 4232 0444 |
| Horsley Park Landfill and Recycling Facility | Fairfield City Council |
| EPL – 11584 & 20339 | 9725 0222 |
| Port Botany Resource Recovery Facility | City of Botany Bay |
| EPL - 6179 | 1300 581 299 |
| Kurnell (Sydney) Desalination Plant | Sutherland Shire Council |
| | 9710 0333 |
| Woodlawn Bioreactor and MBT Facility | Goulburn-Mulwaree Council |
| EPL - 11436 | 4823 4444 |
| EPL - 20476 | |
| Waste Transport | Subject to location of activity/incident |
| EPL - 12022 | |
| | |

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NSW Pollution Incident Response Management Plan Review and Document Control

Issue Date 01/01/2023

| VERSION | CHANGE | REVIEWED | AUTHORISED | DATE ISSUED |
|---------|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Initial Issue | | | |
| 2 | Review and update post acquisition to include New Veolia sites. Update content and contact numbers. | Kelly Gee | Environment Manager NSW/ACT | 1 March 2023 |
| | | | | |

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